

Ascon Hash256/XOF128/CXOF128 IP Core

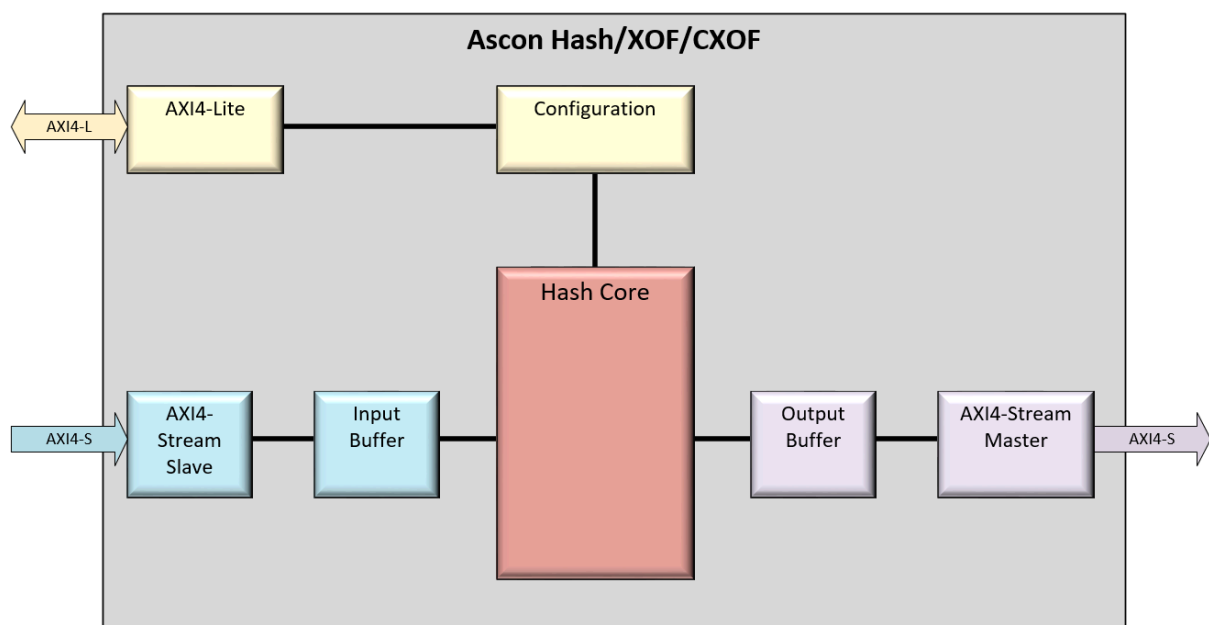
High-Efficiency, Lightweight Cryptographic Hashing for Secure Data Integrity Verification

Overview

The silicon-proven Ascon-HASH/XOF/CXOF IP core implements the NIST Lightweight Cryptography Standard (HASH256, XOF128, and CXOF128). It provides robust data integrity, collision-resistant hashing, and customizable output generation for SoC architectures with a minimal resource footprint and low latency.

Optimized for critical Performance, Power, and Area (PPA) targets, this core is the ideal solution for digital signatures and secure data processing in constrained environments. It is specifically designed for IoT edge devices, automotive networks, and aerospace applications where efficiency is paramount.

Block Diagram



Key Features & Benefits

Feature	Benefit
NIST Standard Compliance	Implements the certified Ascon-Hash, XOF, and CXOF suite (NIST SP 800-232), ensuring interoperability and regulatory acceptance.
AXI4-Stream Interfaces	Plug-and-play integration with modern SoC dataflow architectures. Simplifies connection to DMA controllers, communication IPs, and processors.
AXI4-Lite Control Interface	Standard, simple register programming model for easy CPU control and integration.
High Degree of Configurability	Tailor the IP to your exact performance, area, and security requirements. Optimize for your target technology node and application.
Side-Channel Resistance	Optional Random Delay feature disrupts timing patterns, providing a hardened layer of defense against simple power and timing analysis (SPA/STA).
Multi-Context Operation	Up to 4 independent configuration sets (Message length, Mode) allow instant switching between different security contexts or data streams without software overhead.
High-Throughput Task Queue	Submit up to 16 hash tasks in a single burst, freeing the software to perform other operations and maximizing data movement efficiency.
Small & Efficient	Exceptionally low resource utilization (see

	below) makes it suitable for the most area-sensitive designs without sacrificing performance.
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Performance & Utilization

Summary

The following resource utilization is for a minimally configured instance (prioritizing smallest area) synthesized for a typical FPGA target.

Resource Type	Utilized
Slice LUTs	1,060
Slice Registers	1,181
Bonded IOBs	162

Note: Utilization will scale with configuration choices (e.g., higher RNDS_PER_CLK). The above figures demonstrate the core's inherently lightweight nature.

Technical Specifications

Interfaces

- Data Plane: AXI4-Stream
 - Separate slave (input) and master (output) interfaces.
 - Configurable data width (AXIS_DATA_WIDTH): 32 or 64 bits.
 - Supports packetized data with TLAST signal.
- Control Plane: AXI4-Lite
 - Standard slave interface for CPU control.
 - Used to program the Message Length, and task queue.

Key Configuration Parameters

(Pre-Synthesis)

Parameter	Description
HASH_VARIANT	Hash128, XOF128 or CXOF128
LOG2_DATA/HASH_LEN	Max length (in bits) for Message/Hash (when XOF128 variant is selected).
SHADOW_REGS	Defines the number of independent configuration register sets (1 to 4). Each set contains a complete configuration (Message Length, Control settings), enabling instant context switching for different data streams.
MAX_TASKS	Defines the depth of the internal encryption task queue (1 to 16). This allows the software to

	submit multiple hash tasks in a single burst, improving overall throughput and software efficiency.
RNDS_PER_CLK	Number of Ascon rounds computed per clock cycle. A higher value increases throughput at the cost of increased logic area. The optimal choice depends on the target device's speed and the area budget.
RANDOM_DELAY	Introduces random stalls to thwart side-channel attacks.
INPUT/OUTPUT_BUF_LINES	FIFO depth for clock domain crossing and rate matching.

Typical Use Cases

- IoT Device Authentication: Generating cryptographic fingerprints for sensor data, ensuring integrity in transmission from edge devices to cloud platforms.
- Automotive Data Integrity: Protecting critical vehicle data, such as diagnostic logs, sensor readings, and configuration files, against tampering in automotive Ethernet.
- Digital Evidence Chain-of-Custody: Creating immutable cryptographic hashes for digital forensic data, audit logs, and legal evidence storage systems.
- Healthcare Device Integrity: Verifying the integrity of medical device outputs, patient



data records, and regulatory compliance logs in portable medical equipment.

Why Choose This IP Core?

1. Proven Standard: Built on the NIST-selected Ascon algorithm, guaranteeing long-term viability and security.
2. Architectural Flexibility: From a tiny, sequential (RNDSPERCLK=1) core to a high-throughput, unrolled (RNDSPERCLK=4) version, you pay only for the performance you need.
3. Designed for Integration: Industry-standard AXI interfaces drastically reduce integration time and risk.
4. Security by Design: The optional Random Delay feature provides a tangible defense against a major class of physical attacks.
5. Superior System Efficiency: The integrated task queue decouples the processor from

the encryption engine. Your software can queue a stream of data and return to other tasks, significantly reducing CPU overhead, leading to higher overall system performance.

6. Silicon-Efficient: The hierarchical utilization report confirms a lean and optimized design, preserving precious silicon real estate for your application logic.
 7. Thoroughly Verified: 98% statement coverage, 91% branch coverage.
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Getting Started

We provide the complete, synthesizable RTL source code (Verilog), a comprehensive testbench with verification suite, and detailed integration documentation.

Contact us today to discuss your specific requirements, request a datasheet for your target technology node, or to license the Ascon-HASH/XOF/CXOF IP core.

Disclaimer: Ascon is a NIST-standardized algorithm. This IP core is a hardware implementation of that algorithm. Performance and utilization figures are representative and will vary based on target technology, synthesis tools, and configuration settings.